



## Abstract Details

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**Title:** Ground based microwave remote sensing of water vapour

**Abstract:**

Water vapour plays a key role in regulating Earth's climate. It is the important greenhouse gas and provides the largest known feedback mechanism for climate change. However even the net sign of these feedbacks is currently not known. The precise effect of changes in humidity will depend on the altitude at which these changes occur. As there are very few stations world-wide which provide water vapour measurements there is an urgent need for precise measurements of the water vapour profile. As a matter of fact the measurement of water vapour amount is difficult. Its abundance in volume mixing ratio ranges from a few tenths of percent in the troposphere to a few parts per million in the stratosphere and mesosphere. No single measurement technique is able to provide the distribution from the troposphere to the mesosphere by itself, so different techniques must be combined at the same location and time for a complete picture. In situ measurements are mainly limited to altitudes below about 35 km and are performed on balloons or from aircraft thus being limited to the cruising altitude of airplanes. A technique that is particularly well suited to investigate the vmr-profile from the ground is microwave radiometry which retrieves the profile from pressure-broadened transition lines. We report on a new mobile microwave radiometer called MIAWARA (Middle Atmosphere Water Vapour Radiometer) which is operated from Bern, Switzerland, during field campaigns, providing altitude profiles of water vapour from approx. 20 - 80 km. Profiles covering the troposphere are complemented with data from balloon or lidar where available. MIAWARA will be used as a basis for a similar instrument to be operated from South Korea in the future thus providing for the first time water vapour profiles measured with ground based remote sensing techniques in Asia.

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